



Highlights & Features

- Meet Efficiency Level VI
- Safety Approvals to IEC 60601-1 3.1rd ed. & IEC 60950-1
- Compliant with IEC 60601-1-2 4th Ed. Requirements
- **IP22 Ingress Protection Rating**
- 1 Million Hours MTBF

Safety Standards



CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: Unit Weight: Dimensions (W x L x H): 39.5 x 56.5 x 28.0 mm

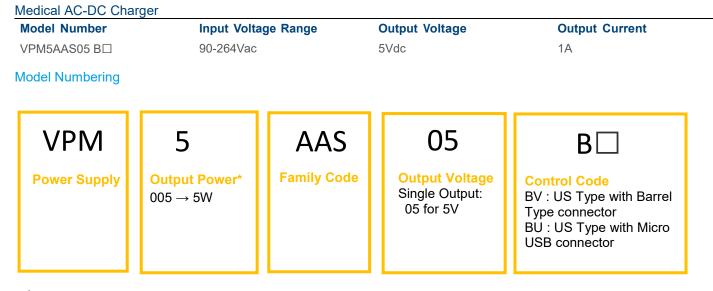
VPM5AAS05B 100 grams (3.6 ounces) (1.56 x 2.23 x 1.1 inch)

General Description

The series of external power supply come with universal AC input at 90Vac to 264Vac. Other features include low touch current, risk Ánanagement Áeport Áavailable Áand Áthe Áelectric Áshock Áprotection Ácomply Áwith Á2 x MOPP. The series is certified for EMC standards according to EN 55011 for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment and EN 55032 for Information Technology Equipment (ITE) radio-frequency equipment.

The series of external power supply come with both medical and ITE safety approvals including CE/CB certification and are fully compliant with RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU for environmental protection.

Model Information



* Maybe lower at some voltage.

All parameters are specified at 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted. January 2019, Rev. 04

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Specifications

Input Ratings / Characteristics

| Nominal Input Voltage | 100-240Vac |
|--------------------------|--|
| Input Voltage Range | 90-264Vac |
| Nominal Input Frequency | 50-60Hz |
| Input Frequency Range | 47-63Hz |
| Input Current (max) | 0.2A @ 115Vac ; 0.1A @ 230Vac |
| Efficiency (typ.) | 71%, Reference Fig.1 |
| Average Efficiency (min) | 73.63% @ 115Vac and 230Vac |
| Standby Power (max) | 0.1W @ 115Vac and 230Vac |
| Inrush Current (typ.) | No component damage |
| Touch Current (max) | 0.1mA @ 264Vac NC ¹⁾ , 0.3mA @ 264Vac SFC ²⁾ |

NC: normal condition
SFC: single fault condition

100 95 90 85 Efficiency (%) 80 115V ac Efficiency 75 230V ac Efficiency 70 65 60 55 50 25% 50% 75% 100% **Output load**

Fig.1 Efficiency versus output load

Output Ratings / Characteristics

| Nominal Output Voltage | 5Vdc |
|---|---|
| Total regulation | ± 10% |
| Output Current | 1A |
| Output Power | 5W |
| Line Regulation (max) | ±1% |
| Load Regulation (max) | ±9% |
| Ripple & Noise (typ.) | 88mV pk-pk @ Full load, Reference Fig. 3 & 4 |
| Start-up Time(max) | 3000ms @ 115Vac |
| Hold-up Time(min) | 5ms @ 115Vac |
| Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage) | $\pm 10\%$ @ 50-100% load (Slew Rate: 0.1A/µS, 50% duty cycle @ 1KHz) |

*Periodic and Random Deviation

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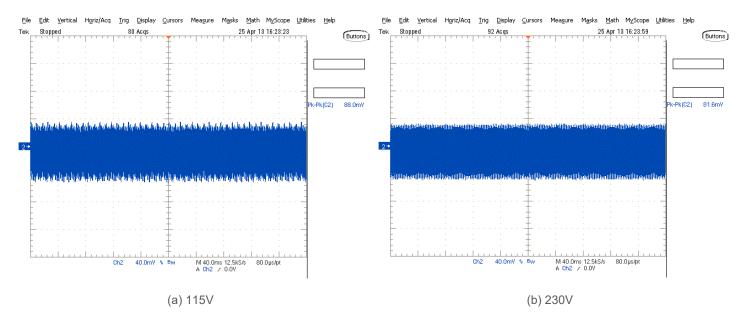
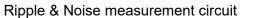
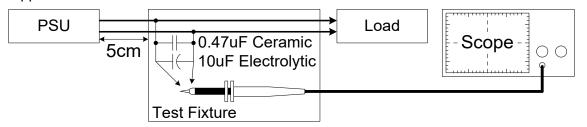


Fig. 2 Ripple & Noise example, 20MHz BW





Mechanical

TECHNICAL DATASHEET

| Case Chassis | PC |
|----------------------|--|
| Case Cover | PC |
| Dimensions(W x Lx H) | 39.5 x 56.5 x 28.0 mm (1.56 x 2.23 x 1.1 inch) |
| Unit Weight | 100 grams (3.6 ounces) |
| Indicator | NA |
| Cooling System | NA |
| Terminal Input | Wall mount - US Type |
| Output | BV : Barrel type |
| | BU : Micro USB |

Environment

| Surrounding Air Temperature | Operating | 0°C to +40°C |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | Linearly derate, at rate of 0.25 watts per degree C, from 5W at 40 degree C to 2.5W at 50 degree C |
| | Storage | -40°C to +85°C |
| Operating Humidity | | 5-95% RH (Non-Condensing) |
| Storage Humidity | | 5-95% RH (Non-Condensing) |
| Operating Altitude | | Up to 3,000 meters (up to 9,842 feet or 106-70kPa) |
| Shock Test (Non-Operating) | | 50G, 11ms, 3 shocks for each direction |
| Vibration (Operating) | | 5-500Hz, 2.09Grms, 20 minute for each three axis |

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Doc. EA-0360





Protections

| Over Voltage (max) | 150% of rated output voltage |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | (Non-latch Mode) |
| Over Load / Over Current (max) | 130% of rated load current. |
| | (Non-Latching, Auto-Recovery) |
| Over Temperature | Hiccup Mode, |
| | (Non-Latching, Auto-Recovery) |
| Short Circuit | Hiccup Mode, |
| | (Non-Latching, Auto-Recovery) |
| Degree of Protection | IP22 |
| Protection Against Shock | Class II |

*PE: Protective Earth

Reliability Data

| MTBF(Minimum) at 100Vac, 5W, 25 °C | 1 Million Hours based on Telecordia SR-332 |
|---|--|
| Operating life(Minimum) at 100Vac, 5W, 25°C | 26,280 hrs |

Safety Standards / Directives

| Medical Safety | | IEC60601-1 3rd and 3.1rd editions CB reports IEC60601-1 edition 3.1rd (2012), EN60601-1 (2006) + A11 + A1 + A12, CAN/CSA-C22.2 NO. 60601-1:14, ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1:2005/(R)2012 |
|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| ITE Safety | XÚTÍODÐÙ€ÍBV/BU ÁÁ | |
| | XÚTÍOEÐEÙ€Í BU | BSMI, J60950-1 (H26) |
| CE | | MDD Directive 93/42/EEC |
| Material and Parts | | RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant |
| Galvanic Isolation | Input to Output | 4000 Vac |



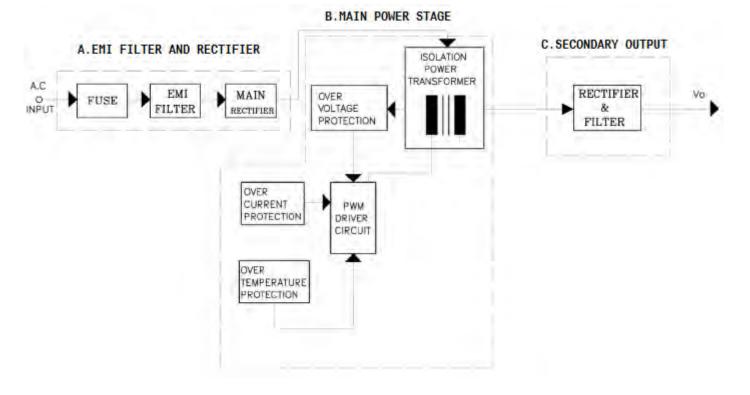
EMC (Compliant with IEC 60601-1-2 4th Ed. Requirements)

| EMC / Emissions | | EN 55011 & EN55032, FCC Title 47 Class B |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|
| Harmonic Current Emissions | IEC61000-3-2 | |
| Immunity to | | |
| Voltage Flicker | IEC61000-3-3 | |
| Electrostatic Discharge | IEC61000-4-2 | Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV |
| Radiated Field | IEC61000-4-3 | Criteria A ¹⁾ 80MHz-2700MHz, 10V/m AM modulation 385MHz-5785MHz, 28V/m Pulse mode and othe modulation |
| Electrical Fast Transient / Burst | IEC61000-4-4 | Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ : 2kV |
| Surge | IEC61000-4-5 | Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Differential Mode ³⁾ : 1kV |
| Conducted | IEC61000-4-6 | Level 2 Criteria A ¹⁾ 150kHz-80MHz, 3Vrms, 6Vrms at ISM bands and Amateur radio bands |
| Power Frequency Magnetic Fields | IEC61000-4-8 | Criteria A ¹⁾ Magnetic field strength 30A/m |
| Voltage Dips | IEC61000-4-11 | Criteria B ²⁾ 0% Uτ, 0.5 cycle (10ms) , 0°/45°/90°/135°/180°/225°/270°/315°/360° |
| | | Criteria B ²⁾ 0% Uτ, 1 cycle (20ms), 0º |
| | | Criteria A ¹⁾ 70% U⊤, 25 cycle (500ms), 0° |
| | | Criteria B ²⁾ 0% Uτ, 250 cycle (5000ms), 0° |

Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits
Criteria B: Output out of regulation, or shuts down during test. Automatically restore to normal operation after test.
Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)



Block Diagram

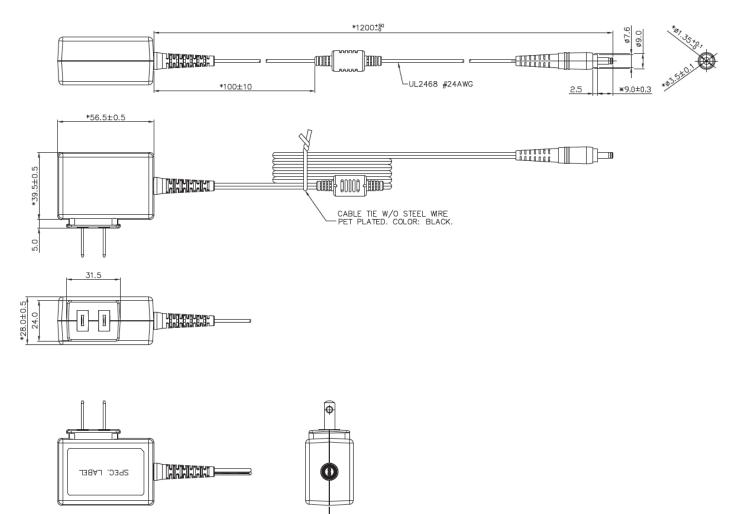




Dimensions

W x L x H: 39.5 x 56.5 x 28.0 mm (1.56 x 2.23 x 1.1 inch)

<u>JDA)55G\$)BV</u>



Notes

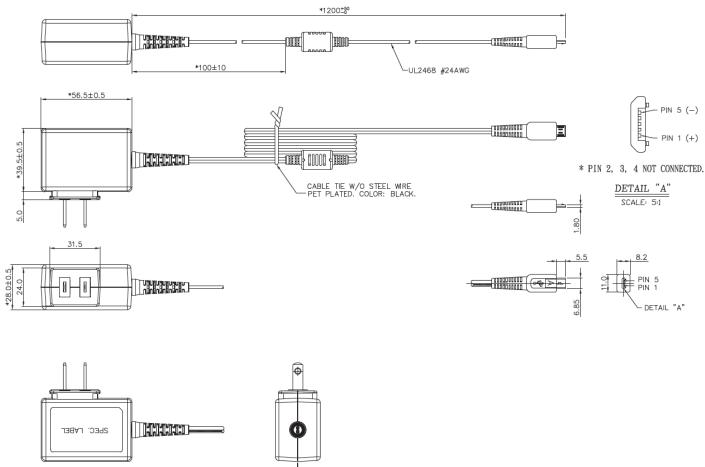
- Dimensions are in mm.

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*0.3±0.2



<u>JDA)55G\$)BU</u>



*0.3±0.2

Notes

Dimensions are in mm.

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Functions

Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage (Vo) to reach 90% of its set value, after the input AC voltage is applied.

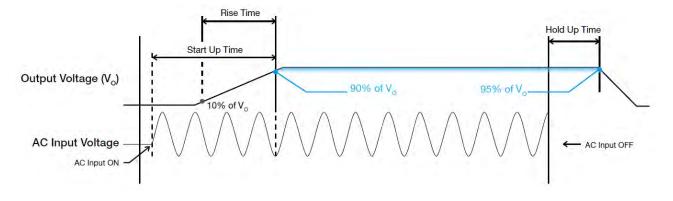
Rise Time

The time required for the output voltage (Vo) to change from 10% to 90% of its steady state value.

Hold-up Time

Hold up time is the time when the AC input collapses and output voltage retains regulation for a certain period of time. The time required for the output to reach 95% of its set value, after the input voltage is removed.

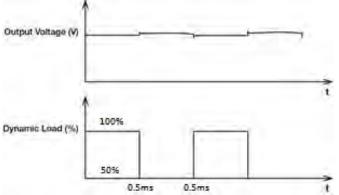
Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time





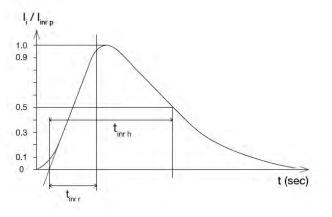
Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remain within $\pm 10\%$ of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load change from 50 to 100% of its rated current.



Inrush Current

Inrush current is the input current that occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



Overvoltage Protection

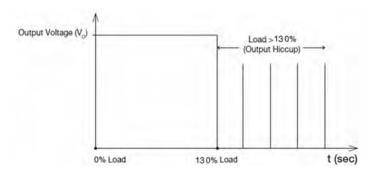
The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The power supply will shut down before the output reaches the maximum value shown in "Protections" section on page 4. The output will fall to approximately zero volts, but will not latch off. The output will remain at this value, until the cause of the failure is no longer present. The output will then return to its' rated operating voltage. Removal and reapplication of input voltage, in order to restore rated output voltage (after cause of failure is no longer present) is not required.

Short Circuit Protection

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

Overload & Over current Protections

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Over current (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current is between 110% and 130% of I₀ (Max load). Upon such an occurrence, V₀ will start to drop. Once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection will be activated. and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition causing the OLP and OCP is removed and I₀ is back within the specified limit.



Additionally, if the I₀ is <130% but >110% for a prolong period of time (depending on the load), the Over Temperature Protection (OTP) will be activated due to high temperature on critical components. The power supply will then go into hiccup mode until the fault is removed; and, the input voltage is removed, then reapplied.

Over Temperature Protection

As mentioned above, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). This is activated when the overload condition persists for an extended duration and the output current is below the overload trigger point but >100% load. In the event of a higher operating condition at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the surrounding air temperature is higher than the operating temperature. When activated, the output voltage will go into hiccup mode until the input voltage is removed; then, reapplied, and the surrounding air temperature drops to its normal operating temperature.

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